

«From PV Systems to Energy Solutions»

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Preliminary Remark:

From PV Systems to Energy Solutions ...



- Published opinion, energy politics and the society
- A proposal for a 4 dimensions Energy Solution Provider
- Conclusions
- This presentation is not a report of recent TNC project.
- Here are some considerations reflecting my 40 years of experience in solar power, housing technology and building efficiency.
- I will make here my own proposal for the possible steps of the PV community and the industry to help improve energy and ecological wise the existing building stock in Europe.

«From PV Systems to Energy Solutions»



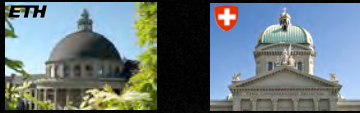
Agenda

- Outlook the Swiss energy future 2013 - 2050 with PV?
- Can we afford a feed in tariff?
- What makes photovoltaic in buildings so important?
- Why do we need a joint Swiss/European plan to allow high PV penetration in the power grid?
- How do we emerge from lower cost PV [€/kWh] market to a Energy Solution Provider?
- Why power to heat, power to storage and power to wheel?
- Seven conclusions ...

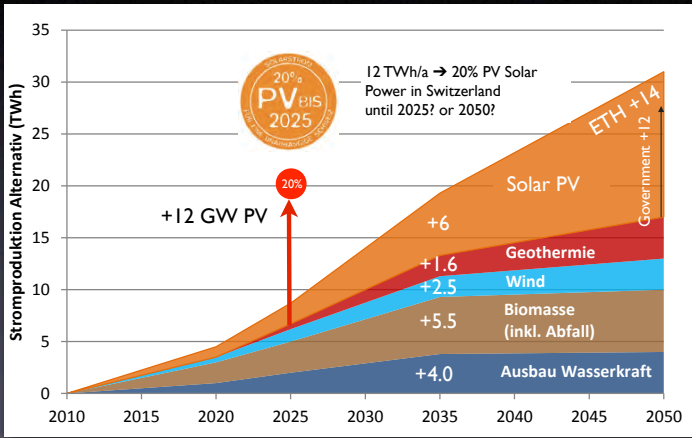
TNC stands for: Solar Power and Building Efficiency
Our themes for more than 26 years

→ Development and Implementation

- 1989 first Photovoltaic system on a highway noise barrier (BFE P&D)
- 1996 developing the world's first solar power exchange model for the ewz, Elektrizitätswerk der Stadt Zürich
- Using bifacial technology (two-sided solar cells) as a noise barrier alongside roads 1994 and rail track 2008 (European patent)
- 1997/1999 responsible for the process development and implementation of the first national building renovation program by the Swiss federal government as part of Energy 2000 strategy.
- Implementation of the Swiss national building renovation program „Das Gebäudeprogramm“ for 16 States (Kantone) Mio €. 220/a
- Activity leader IEA PVPS Task 13 Performance & Reliability of PV Systems



Outlook the Swiss Energy Future 2010 - 2050



§1) BR-Szenario „Neue Energiepolitik 2050“ Tab. Z.10 Variante 2 & 3

Deutsche «Energiewende» ist kein Modell für den Rest der Welt

Veränderungen im Energiemix finden in vielen Weltregionen statt. Das deutsche Modell verhält sich aber auf Kosten der Wettbewerbsfähigkeit. Marktwirtschaftliche Strategien sind ökologisch und

Wahlenspiegel
LUXUS STROM
Warum Energie immer teurer wird - und was die Politik dagegen tun muss

The plan A: with 30 bn. CHF against the „Stromlücke“

Lösungsvorschlag der Stromverbundunternehmen



Investitionen bis 2035 in:	Volumen in Schweizer Franken	Produktionszuwachs
Erneuerbare Energien inkl. Wasserkraft	8-10 Mrd.	5 Mrd. kWh
2 bis 3 Kernkraftwerke	10-12 Mrd.	20 Mrd. kWh
bis 5 Gas- und Biomikrowerke	2 Mrd.	3 Mrd. kWh*
Neuzubauten	2-3 Mrd.	—
3 Pumpspeicherkraftwerke	3 Mrd.	Füllen der Leistungslücke bei Nachfragespitzen
Total	25 - 30 Mrd.	25 - 30 Mrd. kWh

* Stand 2035 mit Gas- und Biomikrowerke als Lieferanten von Spitzenenergie (während der Übergangszeit: 10 Mrd. kWh jährlich)

Quelle: Swisselectric, 2007

The «knon exit» would cost until 2035 min. 30 billion CHF!

Two more reasons: Why the business case for Swiss hydro pump-storage has collapsed?



eex connecting markets

30€/t
5€/t

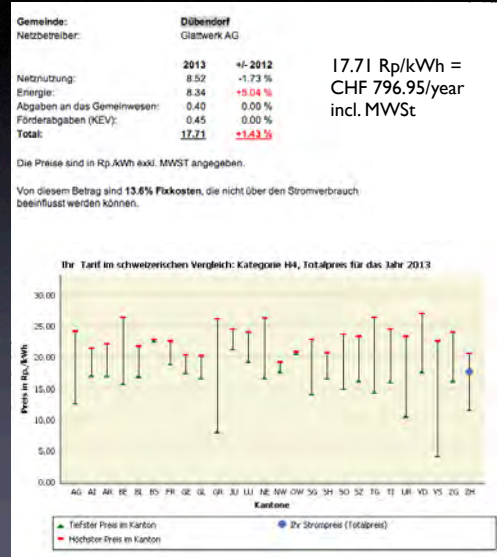
- The lack of incentives
- The industry in the EU must provide rights for the emission of CO₂, which allows companies to trade with each other.
- Due to the low current price of € 4/t of carbon dioxide incentives for climate-friendly investments are lacking.
- Targeted the EU Commission once had a target value of 30 € - but the economic downturn of recent years suppressed demand and price.

Your cost for electric power in Dübendorf (2013)

Quelle: Eidgenössische Elektrizitätskommission ElCom 22-10-2013

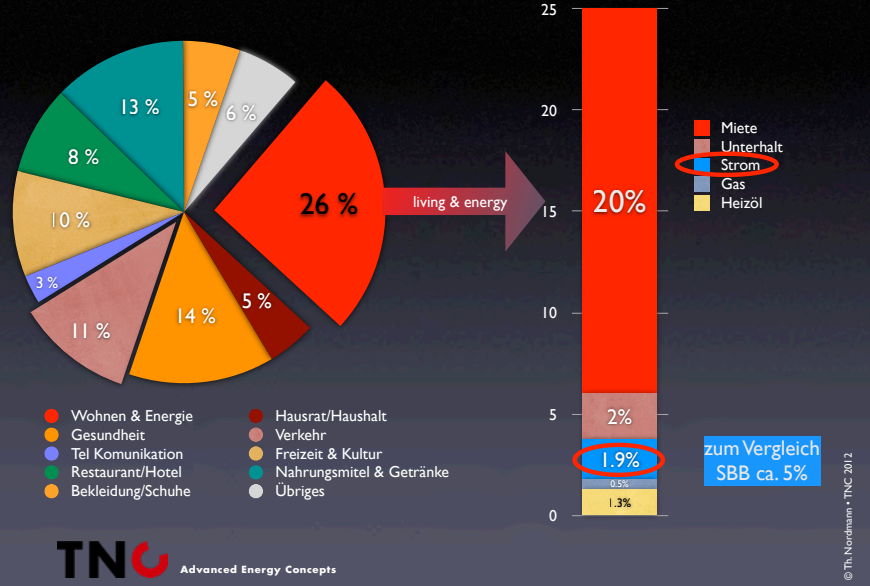
Grid operator: Glattwerk AG, Dübendorf

H4 = 4'500 kWh/year: 5 people-apartment with electric cooker and tumbler



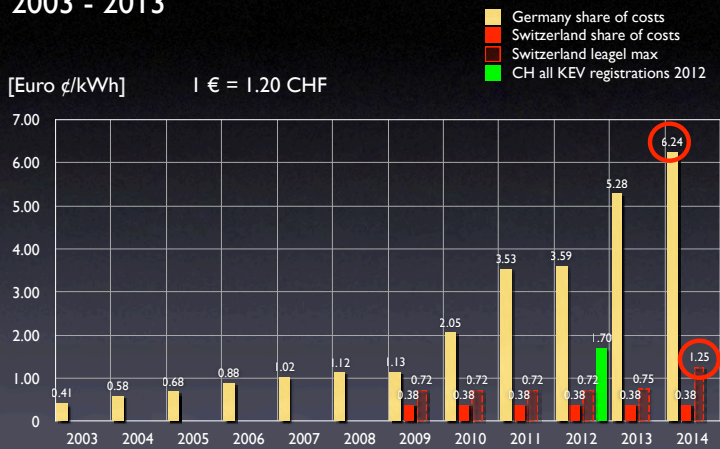
How do we use our income?

Landesindex der Konsumentenpreise (Bundesamt für Statistik • Gewichtung 2010)



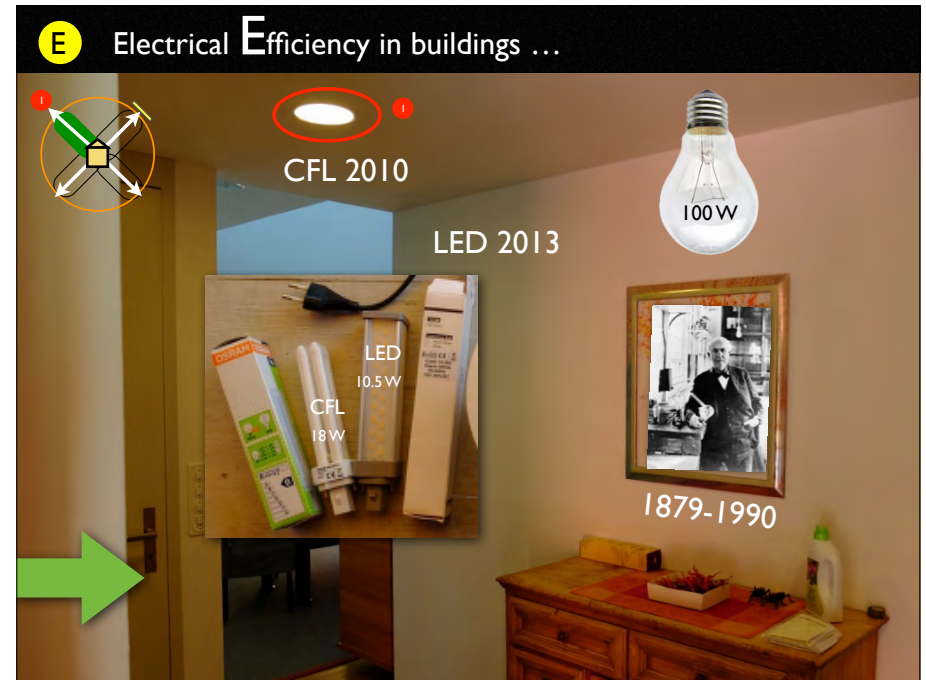
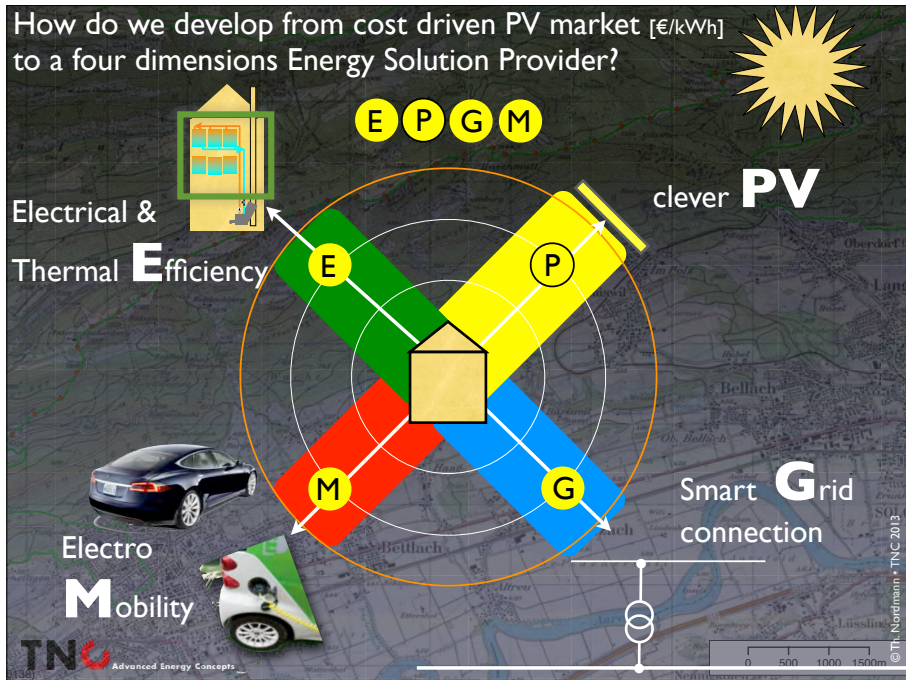
Share in the costs Germany and in Switzerland 2003 - 2013

12/2012 PV 32.4 GW marketshare 4.6%
 12/2012 0.4 GW marketshare 0.5% • f = 81 to D



What makes Photovoltaic in buildings so important? Why should we start with the existing building stock?

- EU Buildings → ≈25% of power, ≈36% CO₂ emission!
- CH Buildings → ≈31% of Power, ≈36% CO₂ emission
- Buildings allows longterm investments 25+ years.
- Credible owners have access to low interest capital.
- Domestic buildings pay high electricity rates.
- The thermal and electrical improvement of European domestic building-stock is €100bn long-lasting decentralized market.
- PV modules are an important, but small part of the total investment.
- A important challenge: How can the owner (legally) share the cost with the renting party?



E Electrical & Thermal Efficiency

1 Appliance AAA+

2 Install: „Pullover“
< 50 kWh/m² ERA

3 Passive house, Minergie+

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P Clever PV

30 kWp > 25'000 kWh
≈ annual <10% electrical demand

30 kWp of BIPV in the
College of Zürich Stadelhofen,
Swiss Solar Price 1999

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P Clever PV 100% of annual electrical demand

PV Park School Campus Erlenbach,
Switzerland 192 kWp • 2009

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P Clever PV > 100% Annual electrical demand incl. E-W module

noon

north ← → south

roof-module fill factor = 30...50 %
yield = 100%

east ← → west

roof-module fill factor = 100 %
yield = 90%

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P Clever PV > 100% annual electrical demand plus O-W module lay out

© 2013 Reto Miloni

west ← → east

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P Clever PV

1 < annual 50% electrical demand

2 ≈ annual 100% electrical demand

3 > 100% annual electrical demand incl. E-W module lay out

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G Smart Grid connected

Inverter with grid services

Energy Management under the renewed EEG 2012

Inverter with grid services are already mandatory in some member states with high PV penetration (i.e. Germany, Italy).

Installed PV Capacity	EEG 2009	EEG 2012
Pmax ≥ 100 kW	Energy management - remotely controlled	Energy management - remotely controlled
30kW ≤ Pmax < 100 kW	No energy management requirements	Energy management - remotely controlled
Pmax < 30 kW	No energy management requirements	Either remotely controlled or fixed 70% feed-in limitation

50.2 Hz!

Principle of frequency-dependent active power reduction

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G Smart Grid connected

Power to heat
time shift of + 2h ... 12h
~ 45 %

- TV, Audio & PC
- Hot Water
- Refrigerator
- Laundry, Dryer, Dishwasher
- Cooking
- Lighting
- Others

Hot Water: 65°C, ≈ 15%

Refrigerator: 2 - 8°C, ≈ 17%

Laundry ...

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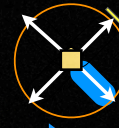
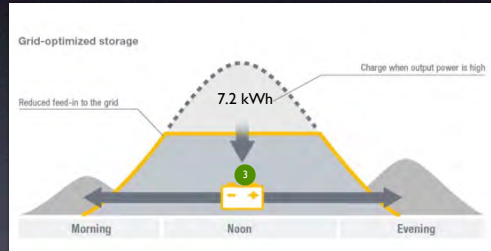
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G Smart Grid connected

Local battery storage

> 25% daily demand shift for 24h



G Smart Grid connected

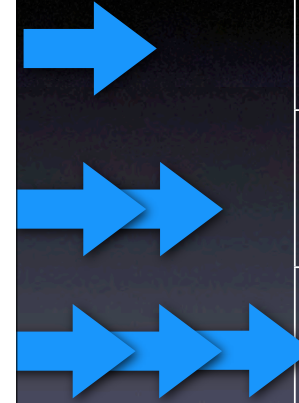
Inverter with grid services



Power to heat
Time shift
± 2h - 12h



>25% /day
Local battery storage



M Electro-Mobiles you can buy today ...

electric-drive



- 15 kWh/100km → 1.7 litre gasoline/100 km
- 2 people • range 145 km/charge
- Power 55 kW/75 PS • Weight 995 kg
- Battery 17.6 kWh Li-Ion • Rent €/month 73.-
- Secured battery capacity up to 10 years
- Price: € 20'000.-



Renault Fluence Z. E.



- 14 kWh/100km → 1.6 litre gasoline/100 km
- 5 people • range 185 km/charge
- Power 70 kW/95 PS • Weight 1'610 kg
- 22 kWh battery Li-Mn, O₂ • Rent €/month 78.-
- Secured battery capacity up to 10 years
- Price: € 24'500.-



Tesla S



- 15 kWh/100 km ≈ 1.7 litre gasoline/100 km
- 5 people • range 375 km/charge
- Power 225 kW/302 PS • Weight 2'100 kg
- Li-Ion battery 60 kWh
- 8 years and/or 160'000 km warranty
- Price: € 70'100.-



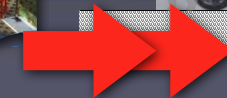
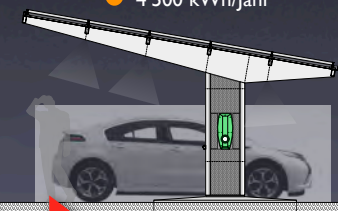
M Where do you charge your Electro-Mobile?



- 15 kWh/100 km → 3'000 kWh/20'000 km
- Charging $\eta > 80\%$
- You need a PV installation with 3 - 4 kWp
Cost 2013 → € 7'000.- ... € 12'000.-
→ now you have a full tank for next 25 years!



4 - 5 kW
2 4'500 kWh/Jahr



M Electro Mobility

Buy your electro-mobile today!	
Charge your car battery storage (15 - 60 kWh) and double your PV Installation	
Double your PV self consumption	

(PV) self-consumption makes good technical and economical sense.

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Power demand ø 2 pers. household (Germany) ~3500 kWh

Legend: TV, Audio & PC; Refrigerator; Hot Water; Laundry, Dryer, Dishwasher; Cooking; Lighting; Others; Electro mobility.

Appliance AAA+ → -20% ... -90%
E - approx. 25 %

20'000 km/a corresponds approx. to 3'000 kWh/a

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ø Two pers. household (Germany) ~ 3500 kWh

Legend: TV, Audio & PC; Refrigerator; Hot Water; Laundry, Dryer, Dishwasher; Cooking; Lighting; Others; Grid applicable; Electro mobility; Grid applicable mobility; PV Production.

Renewable Production | Consumption/Demand

Today

Efficiency

+ el. mobility

PV ≈ 4 kWp

M + 4kW ≈ 8 kWp PV P

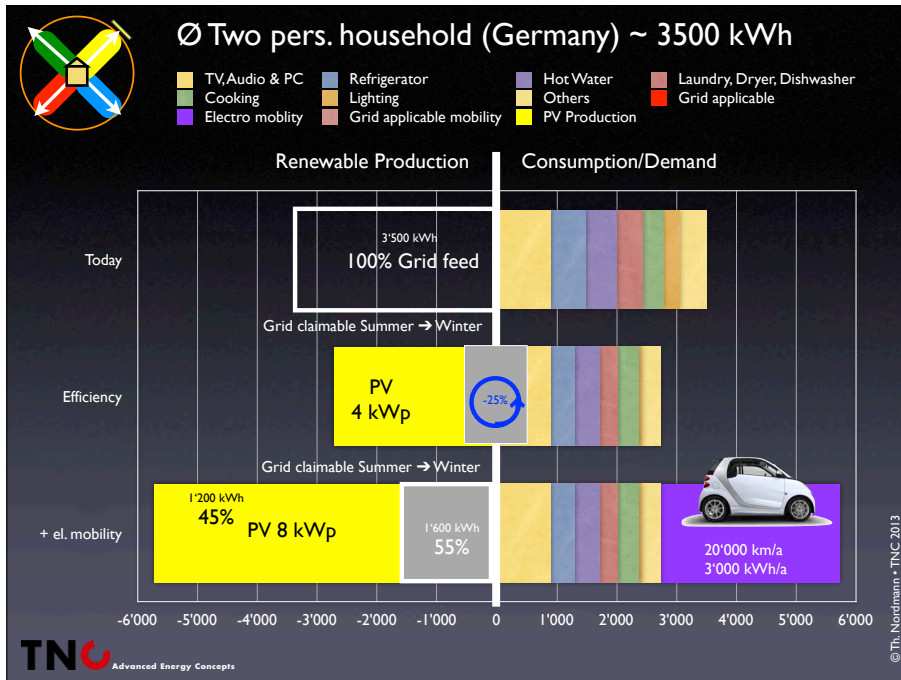
20'000 km/a
3'000 kWh/a M

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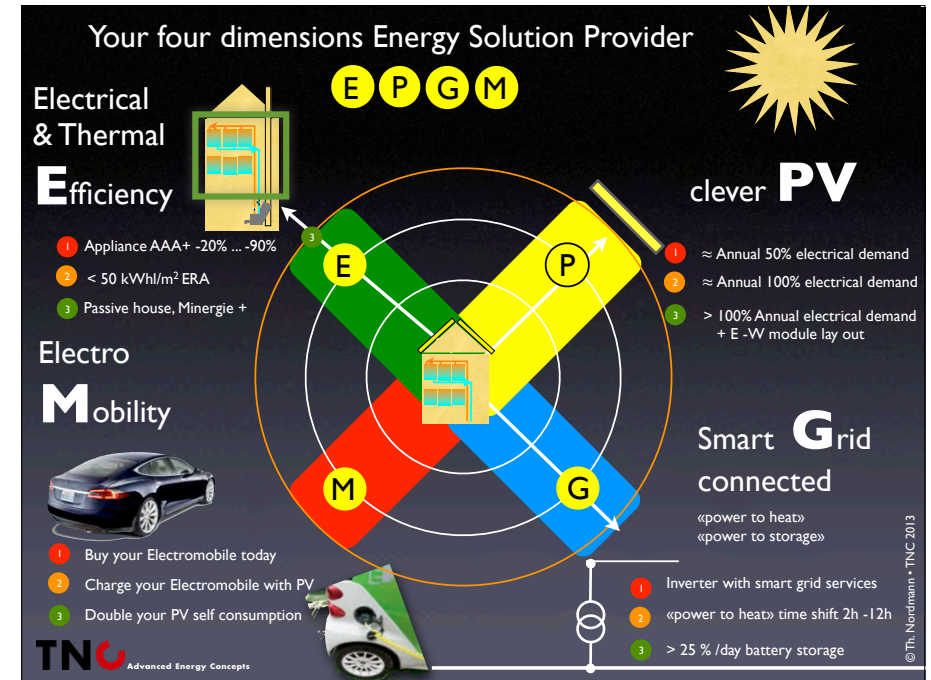
PV self-consumption storage makes good technical & economical sense

Production	PV 4 kWp	PV 4 kWp
Consumer	Residential buildings	Electro Mobil
Power to heat, power to storage and power to wheel.	 Thermal storage «power to heat» 45% time equality 20%	 Battery storage 7.2 kWh Battery 24h -25% «power to storage» 30%
	 Grid claimable «power to wheel»	 Grid claimable «power to wheel»

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Conclusions I

Monday
We need PV when retrofitting the building stock.
PV offers attractive solutions and processes to improve energy solutions for buildings and allows almost CO₂ free individual mobility.

Tuesday
Successful energy solutions have to address the thermal **and** the electrical efficiency.

Wednesday
For clever PV in buildings we aim to distribute PV uniformly over 6 hours by orienting modules east and west with marginal losses in yield.
Thanks to the economical progress and self consumption we can use PV systems, which produce 100% and more of the annual electrical demand.

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Conclusions II

Thursday
With market share of 5% – 20% of PV, the challenge is to provide smart grid connections of sustainable PV houses.
PV self-consumption makes good technical and good economical sense. can Enhance it by power to heat and power storage.
Inverters are able to provide further grid services.

Friday
Buy your electromobile today and charge it with PV → Power to wheel
20'000 km/a means additional 4 - 5 kWp of PV with high self consumption.
Grid claimable services are in the same range as conventional buildings.

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Conclusions III



Saturday

The main challenge: we need a joint European plan to allow high PV penetration in the power grid.

The presented index may help develop such a common plan.

Sunday

Photovoltaic is part of the solution, and not a problem!

To keep PV attractive, we have to start developing today's PV systems into integrated parts of the energy solution.

Sustainable energy buildings with mobility can be a part of this solution.



E P G M



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Q & A?